

TILE SEALING MADE EASY



HOW TO SEAL TILE, STONE & GROUT

Many tiles and natural stone surfaces are porous, meaning they can absorb liquids, oils and dirt. Sealing helps protect the surface by reducing how quickly liquids soak in, giving you more time to clean spills before stains occur.

Sealers are commonly used on natural stone (granite, marble, limestone, slate), porous tiles, outdoor pavers, concrete and grout lines

WHY SEALING IS IMPORTANT

Sealers help protect surfaces from food and drink stains, grease and oil marks, mould and mildew, water penetration and mineral and salt damage

Good sealers slow down absorption, increasing the reaction time you have to wipe up spills before they stain the surface.

HOW TO APPLY A TILE OR STONE SEALER

What you'll need

- Aqua Mix Sealer (such as Sealer's Choice Gold or Penetrating Sealer)
- Clean cloths or microfibre towels
- Applicator pad, sponge or brush

Step-by-step

- Clean the surface first. Remove dirt, grease and residues.
- Make sure the surface is dry. Moisture trapped in the tile or grout can prevent the sealer from penetrating properly.
- Apply the sealer evenly. Use a sponge, applicator pad or sprayer.
- Allow it to penetrate. Let the sealer soak in for around 5 minutes.
- Wipe away excess sealer. Any sealer left on the surface can create residue.
- Allow to cure. Most sealers are ready for light use within a few hours and fully cured within 24 hours.

Pro tip:

Test the seal by placing a drop of water on the surface. If it beads up, the surface is sealed.

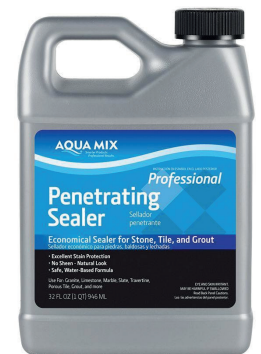
RECOMMENDED PRODUCTS

Sealer's Choice Gold or Penetrating Sealer

With proper sealing and maintenance, stone and tile surfaces can stay protected and looking great for many years.



[BUY NOW](#)



[BUY NOW](#)

MORE DETAILED INFORMATION IS CONTAINED IN OUR AQUA MIX PRODUCT INFORMATION BROCHURE AVAILABLE ON THE HOME PAGE